Daily Mood Log^*

Upsetting Event: Last night worrying and crying before falling asleep.

Emotions	% Now	% Goal	% After	Emotions	% Now	% Goal	% After
Sad, blue, depressed, down, unhappy	100			Embarrassed, foolish, humiliated, self-conscious	0		
Anxious, worried, panicky, nervous, frightened	100			Hopeless, despairing	90		
Bad	50			Frustrated, stuck	100		
Inferior, worthless, inadequate, defective, incompetent	0			Angry, mad, resentful, annoyed, irritated, upset, furious	100		
Lonely, alone, abandoned	90			Other			
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	Negative Thoughts	% Now	% After	Distortions	Positive Thoughts	% Belief
1.	I shouldn't have to do this alone.	90				
2.	I can't handle parenting alone.	70				
3.	I shouldn't burden Gregg with my feelings.	70				
4.	I shouldn't share my feelings.	50				
5.	I should be strong and tough.	80				
	I'll let my patients down if I don't have enough time for them.	50				
7.	I'll lose Gregg.	50 - 100				
8.	I shouldn't have to do this.	100				
9.	I should be able to work and support my family while Gregg stays at home safely.	50				

Checklist of Cognitive Distortions*						
1. All-or-Nothing Thinking. You view things in absolute, black-and-white categories.	6. Magnification and Minimization. You blow things out of proportion or shrink them.					
 Overgeneralization. You view a negative event as a never-ending pattern of defeat: "This <i>always</i> happens!" 	 Emotional Reasoning. You reason from your feelings: "I feel like an idiot, so I must really be one." 					
3. Mental Filter. You dwell on the negatives and ignore the positives.	8. Should Statements. You use shoulds, shouldn'ts, musts, oughts, and have tos.					
4. Discounting the Positive. You insist that your positive qualities don't count.	9. Labeling. Instead of saying, "I made a mistake," you say, "I'm a jerk" or "I'm a loser."					
 Jumping to Conclusions. You jump to conclusions not warranted by the facts. Mind-Reading. You assume that people are reacting negatively to you. Fortune-Telling. You predict that things will turn out badly. 	 10. Blame. You find fault instead of solving the problem. Self-Blame. You blame yourself for something you weren't entirely responsible for. Other-Blame. You blame others and overlook ways you contributed to the problem. 					